



# General Assembly

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## Sixty-fourth session

Agenda item 63 (a)

### **New Partnership for Africa's Development: progress in implementation and international support**

#### **Sudan:\* draft resolution**

### **New Partnership for Africa's Development: progress in implementation and international support**

*The General Assembly,*

*Recalling* its resolution 57/2 of 16 September 2002 on the United Nations Declaration on the New Partnership for Africa's Development,

*Recalling also* its resolution 57/7 of 4 November 2002 on the final review and appraisal of the United Nations New Agenda for the Development of Africa in the 1990s and support for the New Partnership for Africa's Development and resolutions 58/233 of 23 December 2003, 59/254 of 23 December 2004, 60/222 of 23 December 2005, 61/229 of 22 December 2006, 62/179 of 19 December 2007 and 63/267 of 31 March 2009 entitled "New Partnership for Africa's Development: progress in implementation and international support",

*Recalling further* the 2005 World Summit Outcome,<sup>1</sup> including the recognition of the need to meet the special needs of Africa, and recalling also its resolution 60/265 of 30 June 2006,

*Recalling* the political declaration on Africa's development needs, adopted at the high-level meeting on Africa's development needs on 22 September 2008,<sup>2</sup>

*Bearing in mind* that African countries have primary responsibility for their own economic and social development and that the role of national policies and development strategies cannot be overemphasized, and also the need for their development efforts to be supported by an enabling international economic

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\* On behalf of the States Members of the United Nations that are members of the Group of 77 and China.

<sup>1</sup> See resolution 60/1.

<sup>2</sup> See resolution 63/1.



environment, and in this regard recalling the support given by the International Conference on Financing for Development to the New Partnership,<sup>3</sup>

*Emphasizing* that a favourable national and international environment for Africa's growth and development is important for progress in the implementation of the New Partnership,<sup>4</sup>

*Stressing* the need to implement all commitments by the international community regarding the economic and social development of Africa,

1. *Welcomes* the seventh consolidated report of the Secretary-General;<sup>5</sup>
2. *Reaffirms* its full support for the implementation of the New Partnership for Africa's Development;<sup>4</sup>
3. *Also reaffirms* its commitment to the full implementation of the political declaration on Africa's development needs,<sup>2</sup> as reaffirmed in the Doha Declaration on Financing for Development, adopted as the outcome document of the Follow-up International Conference on Financing for Development to Review the Implementation of the Monterrey Consensus, held in Doha from 29 November to 2 December 2008;<sup>6</sup>
4. *Recognizes* the progress made in the implementation of the New Partnership as well as regional and international support for the New Partnership, while acknowledging that much needs to be done in its implementation;
5. *Reaffirms* the resolve to provide assistance for prevention and care, with the aim of ensuring an HIV/AIDS-, malaria- and tuberculosis-free Africa, by addressing the needs of all, in particular the needs of women, children and young people, and achieving as closely as possible the goal of universal access by 2010 to comprehensive HIV/AIDS prevention programmes, treatment, care and support in African countries, to accelerate and intensify efforts to expand access to affordable and quality medicines in Africa, including antiretroviral drugs, inter alia, by encouraging pharmaceutical companies to make drugs available, and to ensure strengthened global partnership and increased bilateral and multilateral assistance, where possible on a grant basis, to combat malaria, tuberculosis and other infectious diseases in Africa through the strengthening of health systems;
6. *Expresses concern* over the multiple, interrelated and mutually exacerbating current global crises, in particular the world financial and economic crisis, the volatile energy prices, the food crisis and the challenges posed by climate change, which could further undermine the achievement of the internationally agreed development goals, including the Millennium Development Goals, particularly in Africa;
7. *Expresses grave concern* that Africa is the continent being hardest hit by the impact of the world financial and economic crisis and therefore reaffirms the

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<sup>3</sup> See *Report of the International Conference on Financing for Development, Monterrey, Mexico, 18-22 March 2002* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.02.II.A.7), chap. I, resolution 1, annex.

<sup>4</sup> A/57/304, annex.

<sup>5</sup> A/64/204.

<sup>6</sup> Resolution 63/239, annex.

steadfast commitment to take swift actions to support the special needs of Africa and to mitigate the multidimensional impacts of the crisis on the continent;

8. *Expresses concern* at the decline in Africa's trade volume, which stands at only 2 per cent, the drop in its share of official development assistance, its increased debt burden, its rising unemployment rates and the reversal of capital inflows and remittances to the continent as a result of the world financial and economic crisis, thus reversing the hard-earned socio-economic and political gains that Africa has achieved in recent years;

9. *Reaffirms* the need to enhance the voice and participation of developing countries in international economic decision-making and norm-setting, including African countries, and emphasizes in this context that the current world economic and financial crisis and efforts to address it should not lead to further marginalization of the African continent;

10. *Also reaffirms* the commitment by all States to establish a monitoring mechanism to follow up on all commitments related to the development of Africa, as contained in the political declaration on Africa's development needs, and in this context requests the President of the General Assembly to initiate an open and transparent inter-governmental process of consultations, with the participation of relevant stakeholders, with a view to the formulation of such a mechanism by the sixty-fifth session of the Assembly;

11. *Further reaffirms* its full support for the implementation of the Declaration of Commitment on HIV/AIDS, adopted at the twenty-sixth special session of the General Assembly on 27 June 2001,<sup>7</sup> and the Political Declaration on HIV/AIDS, adopted by the Assembly on 2 June 2006;<sup>8</sup>

## **I**

### **Actions by African countries and organizations**

12. *Welcomes* the progress made by the African countries in fulfilling their commitments in the implementation of the New Partnership to deepen democracy, human rights, good governance and sound economic management, and encourages African countries, with the participation of stakeholders, including civil society and the private sector, to continue their efforts in this regard by developing and strengthening institutions for governance, creating an environment conducive to involving the private sector, including small and medium-sized enterprises, in the New Partnership implementation process and to attracting foreign direct investment for the development of the region;

13. *Notes with appreciation* the efforts exerted by the African Union and the regional economic communities in the area of economic integration, as well as ongoing efforts by the African Union in the operationalization of the provision contained in General Assembly resolution 59/213, and stresses the key role of the United Nations system in supporting the African Union, in the social, economic, political, peace and security areas;

14. *Welcomes* the commendable progress that has been achieved in implementing the African Peer Review Mechanism, in particular the completion of

<sup>7</sup> Resolution S-26/2, annex.

<sup>8</sup> Resolution 60/262, annex.

the peer review process in 12 countries, and welcomes the progress in implementing the national programmes of action resulting from these reviews, and in this regard urges African States that have not done so to consider joining the Mechanism process and to strengthen the Mechanism process for its efficient performance;

15. *Welcomes and appreciates* the continuing and increasing efforts of African countries in mainstreaming a gender perspective and the empowerment of women in the implementation of the New Partnership;

16. *Stresses* that conflict prevention, management and resolution and post-conflict consolidation are essential for the achievement of the objectives of the New Partnership, and welcomes in this regard the cooperation and support granted by the United Nations and development partners to the African regional and subregional organizations in the implementation of the New Partnership;

17. *Recognizes* the need for African countries to continue to coordinate, in accordance with their respective national strategies and priorities, all types of external support in order to integrate effectively such assistance into their development processes;

18. *Encourages* African countries to accelerate the achievement of the objective of food security in Africa, and in this regard reaffirms its support for, inter alia, the Comprehensive Africa Agriculture Development Programme and the outcome of the post-Abuja meeting of the International Technical Committee of the Food Security Summit, held in Addis Ababa in May 2007;

19. *Recognizes* the important role that African regional economic communities can play in the implementation of the New Partnership, and in this regard encourages African countries and the international community to give regional economic communities the necessary support to strengthen their capacity;

20. *Welcomes* the progress made towards the integration of the New Partnership into the African Union structures and processes and takes note of the ongoing efforts by the African Union to improve the coordination between the New Partnership secretariat, the African Union Commission, the regional economic communities and African States;

21. *Also welcomes* the collaboration between the African Private Sector Forum and the United Nations Global Compact and encourages the strengthening of this partnership in conjunction with the African Union Commission in support of the development of the African private sector and the promotion of public-private partnership projects and the achievement of the Millennium Development Goals, in line with the relevant executive decisions of the African Union;

22. *Encourages* African countries to further enhance public awareness of the objectives and goals of the New Partnership and its programmes through, inter alia, effective and comprehensive continent-wide communication and outreach strategies;

23. *Also encourages* African countries to strengthen and expand local and transit infrastructure and continue sharing best practices with a view to strengthening regional integration;

24. *Welcomes* the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization's Basic Education in Africa Programme, which seeks to prioritize education and supports holistic and comprehensive reform;

## **II**

### **Response of the international community**

25. *Welcomes* the efforts by development partners to strengthen cooperation with the New Partnership;

26. *Also welcomes* the various important initiatives of Africa's development partners in recent years, and emphasizes in this regard the importance of coordination in such initiatives on Africa and the need for their effective implementation;

27. *Recognizes* the important role that South-South and triangular cooperation can play in supporting Africa's development efforts, including implementation of the New Partnership;

28. *Welcomes* the various important initiatives of Africa's development partners in recent years, such as, inter alia, the Africa Partnership Forum, the New Asian-African Strategic Partnership, China-Africa Cooperation, the European Union-Africa Strategic Partnership, the Group of Eight, the Millennium Challenge Account, the Emergency Plan for AIDS Relief of the President of the United States of America, the Africa-Turkey Cooperation Summit, the Africa-South America Summit, the Tokyo International Conference on African Development, the comprehensive health-care initiative sponsored by the Government of Cuba, the Initiative for Africa's Development of the Republic of Korea, the special technical assistance programme for Africa of Pakistan, the Viet Nam-Africa cooperation partnership, the India-Africa Forum, the programme for cooperation in agriculture, implemented in 2009, between Chile and Kenya, United Republic of Tanzania, Ethiopia and Uganda, and the Singapore Cooperation Programme for African countries, and emphasizes in this regard the importance of coordination in such initiatives on Africa and the need for their effective implementation;

29. *Urges* continued support of measures to address the challenges of poverty eradication and sustainable development in Africa including, as appropriate, debt relief, improved market access, support for the private sector and entrepreneurship, fulfilment of commitments on official development assistance and increased flows of foreign direct investment, and transfer of technology;

30. *Recognizes* that Africa, which contributes the least to climate change, is one of the regions most vulnerable and most exposed to its adverse impact, and in this regard calls upon the international community, in particular developed countries, to support Africa in its adaptation efforts through, inter alia, the transfer of technologies, capacity-building and the provision of adequate and predictable new resources;

31. *Reiterates* the need for all countries and relevant multilateral institutions to continue efforts to enhance coherence in their trade policies towards African countries, and acknowledges the importance of efforts to fully integrate African countries into the international trading system through initiatives such as building Africa's capacity through Aid for Trade and, given the global economic and financial crisis, the provision of assistance to address the adjustment challenges of trade liberalization;

32. *Calls for* a comprehensive and sustainable solution to the external debt problems of African countries, including cancellation or restructuring, as

appropriate, and on a case-by-case basis for heavily indebted African countries not part of the Heavily Indebted Poor Countries Initiative that have unsustainable debt burdens, and emphasizes the importance of a debt moratorium, especially in the context of the unfolding financial crisis;

33. *Also calls for* the fulfilment of pledges by the Group of Eight countries to double by 2010 official development assistance to Africa, and in this regard calls upon the international community to honour its commitments;

34. *Acknowledges* efforts by developed countries to increase resources for development, including commitments by some developed countries to increase official development assistance, and calls for the fulfilment of all official development assistance commitments, including the commitments by many developed countries to achieve the target of 0.7 per cent of gross national income for official development assistance to developing countries by 2015 and to reach the level of at least 0.5 per cent of gross national income for official development assistance by 2010, as well as the target of 0.15 to 0.20 per cent of gross national income for official development assistance to least developed countries, and urges those developed countries that have not yet done so to make concrete efforts in this regard in accordance with their reiterated commitments;

35. *Welcomes* the continued efforts of the United Nations Peacebuilding Commission in assisting post-conflict countries in Africa, the strengthening of the relationship between the Peacebuilding Commission and the African Union, and appreciates in this regard the visit by the Chairperson of the Organizational Committee of the Peacebuilding Commission and the Chairpersons of the country-specific configurations to the African Union headquarters on 9 November 2009;

36. *Also welcomes* the efforts of some developed countries, which are on target to meet the commitments made in terms of increased official development assistance;

37. *Further welcomes* recent efforts and initiatives to enhance the quality of aid and to increase its impact, including, inter alia, the Paris Declaration on Aid Effectiveness and the Accra Agenda for Action,<sup>9</sup> and the resolve to take concrete, effective and timely action in implementing all agreed commitments on aid effectiveness, with clear monitoring and deadlines, including by further aligning assistance with countries' strategies, building institutional capacities, reducing transaction costs and eliminating bureaucratic procedures, making progress on untying aid, enhancing the absorptive capacity and financial management of recipient countries and strengthening the focus on development results;

38. *Invites* developed countries to take concrete steps to reach a successful conclusion of the Doha Round of trade negotiations that takes into account the development dimension;

39. *Recognizes* the need for the international community to align their efforts more specifically towards supporting the Comprehensive Africa Agriculture Development Programme and achieve a sustainable level of investment in health and basic education;

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<sup>9</sup> A/63/539, annex.

40. *Also recognizes* the need for the international community to make continued efforts to increase the flow of new and additional resources for financing for development from all sources, public and private, domestic and foreign, to support the development of African countries;

41. *Invites* developed countries to support African countries in promoting and maintaining macroeconomic stability, to help African countries attract investments and promote policies conducive to attracting domestic and foreign investment, such as encouraging private financial flows, to promote investment by their private sectors in Africa, to encourage and facilitate the transfer of the technology needed to African countries on favourable terms, including on concessional and preferential terms, as mutually agreed, and to assist in strengthening human and institutional capacities for the implementation of the New Partnership, consistent with its priorities and objectives and with a view to furthering Africa's development at all levels;

42. *Requests* the United Nations system to continue to provide assistance to the African Union and the New Partnership secretariat and to African countries in developing projects and programmes within the scope of the priorities of the New Partnership and to place greater emphasis on monitoring, evaluation and dissemination of the effectiveness of its activities in support of the New Partnership;

43. *Invites* the Secretary-General, as a follow-up to the 2005 World Summit, to urge the United Nations development system to assist African countries in implementing quick-impact initiatives through, inter alia, the Millennium Villages Project, and requests the Secretary-General to include in his report an assessment of those quick-impact initiatives;

44. *Requests* the Secretary-General to promote greater coherence in the work of the United Nations system in support of the New Partnership, on the basis of the agreed clusters, and in this regard calls upon the United Nations system to continue to mainstream the special needs of Africa in all its normative and operational activities;

45. *Also requests* the Secretary-General to take measures to strengthen the Office of the Special Adviser on Africa in order to enable it to effectively fulfil its mandate, including monitoring and reporting on progress related to meeting the special needs of Africa;

46. *Further requests* the Secretary-General to submit a comprehensive report on the implementation of the present resolution to the General Assembly at its sixty-fifth session on the basis of inputs from Governments, organizations of the United Nations system and other stakeholders in the New Partnership.