



General Assembly

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Agenda item 88

Operational activities for development

Venezuela:* draft resolution

Economic and technical cooperation among developing countries

The General Assembly,

Stressing that South-South cooperation, as an important element of international cooperation for development, offers viable opportunities for developing countries in their individual and collective pursuit of sustained economic growth and sustainable development,

Recognizing that developing countries have the primary responsibility for promoting and implementing South-South cooperation, not as a substitute for but rather as a complement to North-South cooperation, and in this context, reiterating the need for the international community to support the efforts of the developing countries to expand South-South cooperation,

Taking note of the Ministerial Declaration¹ adopted by the Ministers of Foreign Affairs of the States members of the Group of 77 at their Twenty-sixth Annual Meeting, held in New York on 19 September 2002, in which the increased importance and relevance of South-South cooperation was re-emphasized,

1. *Takes note* of the report of the Secretary-General on measures to promote and facilitate South-South cooperation;²

2. *Notes with satisfaction* that developing countries have succeeded in setting elaborate action plans for South-South cooperation, and urges developing countries and their partners to intensify South-South and triangular initiatives contributing to the achievement of the millennium development goals;³

* On behalf of the States Members of the United Nations that are members of the Group of 77 and China.

¹ See A/57/444, annex.

² A/55/155.

³ See General Assembly resolution 55/2.

3. *Encourages* developing countries to strengthen their national coordination mechanisms in order to improve the effectiveness of South-South and triangular cooperation, and in this connection also encourages other bilateral and multilateral development partners to do the same, as appropriate;

4. *Reiterates* the urgent need to help strengthen institutions and centres of excellence in the South, especially at the regional and interregional levels, with a view to making more effective use of such entities towards improved South-South knowledge-sharing, networking, capacity-building, information exchange, policy analysis and coordinated action among developing countries on major issues of common concern;

5. *Recommends* that the High-level Committee on the Review of Technical Cooperation among Developing Countries should in the future review all aspects of South-South cooperation;

6. *Requests* the Secretary-General, through coordination of the Special Unit for Technical Cooperation among Developing Countries of the United Nations Development Programme, and in consultation with Member States and relevant organizations and agencies, to carry out a comprehensive study with a view to examining the organization of the programme and the means of implementation of the proposed international decade for South-South cooperation and the United Nations Day on South-South cooperation, and to submit the findings and recommendations to the General Assembly at its fifty-eighth session, through the Economic and Social Council;

7. *Reiterates* the emphasis in the Monterrey Consensus of the International Conference on Financing for Development⁴ on the need for multilateral and bilateral financial and development institutions to intensify efforts, inter alia, to strengthen South-South and triangular cooperation as delivery tools of assistance to developing countries and countries with economies in transition;

8. *Recalls* decision 2002/18 of 27 September 2002, taken by the Executive Board of the United Nations Development Programme and the United Nations Population Fund, in which the Board decided to allocate a fixed annual amount of \$3.5 million to the Special Unit for Technical Cooperation among Developing Countries, and calls upon all relevant United Nations organizations and multilateral institutions to intensify efforts to effectively mainstream the use of South-South cooperation in the design, formulation and implementation of their regular programmes, and to consider increasing allocations of human, technical and financial resources for South-South cooperation;

9. *Recognizes* the need to mobilize additional resources for enhancing South-South activities, and in this context invites donor countries, as well as developing countries in a position to do so, to contribute generously in support of such cooperation through, inter alia, the Perez-Guerrero Trust Fund for Economic and Technical Cooperation among Developing Countries and the Voluntary Trust Fund for the Promotion of South-South Cooperation, and decides to include the latter in the United Nations Pledging Conference for Development Activities;

10. *Requests* the Secretary-General, in consultation with the Special Unit for Technical Cooperation among Developing Countries and other relevant

⁴ A/CONF.198/11.

organizations and agencies, to include in the agenda of the thirteenth session of the High-level Committee on the Review of Technical Cooperation among Developing Countries, a special segment to commemorate the twenty-fifth anniversary of the adoption of the Buenos Aires Plan of Action for Promoting and Implementing Technical Cooperation among Developing Countries.
