



General Assembly

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Sustainable development

Pakistan:* draft resolution

Oil slick on Lebanese shores

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolution 61/194 of 20 December 2006 on the oil slick on Lebanese shores,

Reaffirming the outcome of the United Nations Conference on the Human Environment, especially principle 7 of the Declaration of the Conference,¹ which requested States to take all possible steps to prevent pollution of the seas,

Emphasizing the need to protect and preserve the marine environment in accordance with international law,

Taking into account the 1992 Rio Declaration on Environment and Development,² especially principle 16, which stipulates that the polluter should, in principle, bear the cost of pollution, and taking into account also chapter 17 of Agenda 21,³

Noting again with great concern the environmental catastrophe caused by the premeditated destruction by the Israeli Air Force on 15 July 2006 of the oil storage tanks in the direct vicinity of El Jiyeh electric power plant in Lebanon, resulting in an oil slick that covered the entirety of the Lebanese coastline and extended to the Syrian coastline,

* On behalf of the States Members of the United Nations that are members of the Group of 77 and China.

¹ See *Report of the United Nations Conference on the Human Environment, Stockholm, 5-16 June 1972* (A/CONF.48/14/Rev.1), part one, chap. I.

² *Report of the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development, Rio de Janeiro, 3-14 June 1992*, vol. I, *Resolutions Adopted by the Conference* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.93.I.8 and corrigendum), resolution 1, annex I.

³ *Ibid.*, annex II.



Acknowledging the need for further elaboration by relevant United Nations bodies on the damage caused beyond Lebanese territorial waters,

Noting again with appreciation the assistance offered by donor countries and international organizations for the early recovery and reconstruction of Lebanon through bilateral and multilateral channels, including the Athens Coordination Meeting on the response to the marine pollution incident in the Eastern Mediterranean, held on 17 August 2006, as well as the Stockholm Conference for Lebanon's Early Recovery, held on 31 August 2006,

1. *Takes note* of the report of the Secretary-General⁴ on the implementation of General Assembly resolution 61/194 on the oil slick on Lebanese shores;

2. *Expresses once again its deep concern* over the adverse implications of the premeditated destruction by the Israeli Air Force of the oil storage tanks in the direct vicinity of the Lebanese El Jiyeh electric power plant for the achievement of sustainable development in Lebanon;

3. *Confirms* that the oil slick has heavily polluted the shores of Lebanon and partially polluted Syrian shores and consequently has had profound adverse effects on livelihoods and the economy of Lebanon, owing to the adverse implications for natural resources, biodiversity, fisheries and tourism, and for human health, in the country;

4. *Requests* the Government of Israel to take all necessary actions towards assuming responsibility for prompt and adequate compensation and accountability to the Government of Lebanon and other affected countries for the costs of repairing the environmental damage caused by the destruction, including the restoration of the marine environment;

5. *Expresses its appreciation* for the efforts of the Government of Lebanon and those of the Member States, regional and international organizations, regional and international financial institutions, non-governmental organizations and the private sector in the initiation of clean-up and rehabilitation operations on the polluted shores, and calls upon the Member States and above-mentioned entities to continue their financial and technical support to the Government of Lebanon towards achieving the completion of clean-up and rehabilitation operations, with the aim of preserving the ecosystem of Lebanon and that of the Eastern Mediterranean Basin;

6. *Calls for* the mobilization of international technical and financial assistance through donor support for the creation of an eastern Mediterranean oil spill restoration fund to support the integrated environmentally sound management, from clean-up to safe disposal of oily waste, of this environmental catastrophe resulting from the Israeli Air Force attack on the oil storage tanks at El-Jiyeh electric power plant;

7. *Calls upon* the international community, the United Nations system and other international organizations to increase their financial and technical support for the strengthening of the disaster risk management and disaster preparedness capacity of Lebanon and other affected countries;

⁴ A/62/343.

8. *Recognizes* the multi-dimensionality of the adverse impact of the oil slick, and requests the establishment of a United Nations task force combining all relevant organizations and entities of the United Nations system and affiliated bodies to supplement the efforts of the Secretary-General and assist him in submitting to the General Assembly at its sixty-third session an integrated report on the implementation of the present resolution under the item entitled “Sustainable development”.
