



# General Assembly

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## Sixty-second session Second Committee

Agenda item 54 (d)

### Sustainable development: protection of global climate for present and future generations of mankind

**Pakistan:\* draft resolution**

#### **Protection of global climate for present and future generations of mankind**

*The General Assembly,*

*Recalling* its resolution 54/222 of 22 December 1999, its decision 55/443 of 20 December 2000, its resolutions 56/199 of 21 December 2001, 57/257 of 20 December 2002, 58/243 of 23 December 2003, 59/234 of 22 December 2004, 60/197 of 22 December 2005 and 61/201 of 20 December 2006 and other resolutions relating to the protection of the global climate for present and future generations of mankind,

*Recalling also* the provisions of the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change,<sup>1</sup> including the acknowledgement that the global nature of climate change calls for the widest possible cooperation by all countries and their participation in an effective and appropriate international response, in accordance with their common but differentiated responsibilities and respective capabilities and their social and economic conditions,

*Recalling further* the United Nations Millennium Declaration,<sup>2</sup> in which Heads of State and Government resolved to make every effort to ensure the entry into force of the Kyoto Protocol and to embark on the required reduction in emissions of greenhouse gases,<sup>3</sup>

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\* On behalf of the States Members of the United Nations that are members of the Group of 77 and China.

<sup>1</sup> United Nations, *Treaty Series*, vol. 1771, No. 30822.

<sup>2</sup> See resolution 55/2.

<sup>3</sup> *Ibid.*, para. 23.



*Recalling* the Johannesburg Declaration on Sustainable Development,<sup>4</sup> the Plan of Implementation of the World Summit on Sustainable Development (“Johannesburg Plan of Implementation”),<sup>5</sup> the Delhi Ministerial Declaration on Climate Change and Sustainable Development, adopted by the Conference of the Parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change at its eighth session, held in New Delhi from 23 October to 1 November 2002,<sup>6</sup> the outcome of the ninth session of the Conference of the Parties, held in Milan, Italy, from 1 to 12 December 2003,<sup>7</sup> the outcome of the tenth session of the Conference of the Parties, held in Buenos Aires from 6 to 18 December 2004,<sup>8</sup> the outcome of the eleventh session of the Conference of the Parties and the first session of the Conference of the Parties serving as the Meeting of the Parties to the Kyoto Protocol, held in Montreal, Canada, from 28 November to 10 December 2005,<sup>9</sup> and the outcome of the twelfth session of the Conference of the Parties and the second session of the Conference of the Parties serving as the Meeting of the Parties to the Kyoto Protocol, held in Nairobi from 6 to 17 November 2006,<sup>10</sup>

*Reaffirming* the Programme of Action for the Sustainable Development of Small Island Developing States,<sup>11</sup> the Mauritius Declaration<sup>12</sup> and the Mauritius Strategy for the Further Implementation of the Programme of Action for the Sustainable Development of Small Island Developing States,<sup>13</sup>

*Recalling* the 2005 World Summit Outcome,<sup>14</sup>

*Remaining deeply concerned* that all countries, in particular developing countries, including the least developed countries and small island developing States, face increased risks from the negative effects of climate change, and stressing the need to address adaptation needs relating to such effects,

*Noting* that one hundred and ninety-one States and one regional economic integration organization have ratified the Convention,

*Noting also* that, to date, the Kyoto Protocol to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change<sup>15</sup> has attracted one hundred and seventy-five ratifications, including from parties mentioned in annex I to the Convention, which account for 61.6 per cent of emissions,

<sup>4</sup> *Report of the World Summit on Sustainable Development, Johannesburg, South Africa, 26 August-4 September 2002* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.03.II.A.1 and corrigendum), chap. 1, resolution 1, annex.

<sup>5</sup> *Ibid.*, resolution 2, annex.

<sup>6</sup> FCCC/CP/2002/7/Add.1, decision 1/CP.8.

<sup>7</sup> FCCC/CP/2003/6/Add.1 and 2.

<sup>8</sup> FCCC/CP/2004/10/Add.1 and 2.

<sup>9</sup> FCCC/CP/2005/5/Add.1.

<sup>10</sup> FCCC/CP/2006/5 and Add.1.

<sup>11</sup> *Report of the Global Conference on the Sustainable Development of Small Island Developing States, Bridgetown, Barbados, 25 April-6 May 1994* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.94.I.18 and corrigenda), chap. I, resolution I, annex II.

<sup>12</sup> *Report of the International Meeting to Review the Implementation of the Programme of Action for the Sustainable Development of Small Island Developing States, Port Louis, Mauritius, 10-14 January 2005* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.05.II.A.4 and corrigendum), chap. I, resolution 1, annex I.

<sup>13</sup> *Ibid.*, annex II.

<sup>14</sup> See resolution 60/1.

<sup>15</sup> FCCC/CP/1997/7/Add.1, decision 1/CP.3, annex.

*Noting further* the work of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change and the need to build and enhance scientific and technological capabilities, inter alia, through continuing support to the Panel for the exchange of scientific data and information, especially in developing countries, and noting the significance of the release of the fourth assessment report,

*Noting with appreciation* the convening of the high-level thematic debate by the President of the sixty-first session of the General Assembly, from 31 July to 2 August 2007, as well as the initiative of the Secretary-General to convene the high-level event on climate change on 24 September 2007,

*Reaffirming its commitment* to the ultimate objective of the Convention, namely, to stabilize greenhouse gas concentrations in the atmosphere at a level that prevents dangerous anthropogenic interference with the climate system,

*Taking note* of the report of the Executive Secretary of the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change,<sup>16</sup>

1. *Stresses* that the seriousness of climate change calls for the implementation of the provisions of the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change and calls upon States to work cooperatively towards achieving the ultimate objective of the Framework Convention;

2. *Welcomes* the entry into force of the Kyoto Protocol on 16 February 2005 and strongly urges the States that have not yet done so to ratify it in a timely manner;

3. *Takes note* of the outcomes of the eleventh and twelfth sessions of the Conference of the Parties to the Framework Convention and the first and second sessions of the Conference of the Parties serving as the Meeting of the Parties to the Kyoto Protocol;<sup>9,10</sup>

4. *Takes note with appreciation* of the offer of the Government of Indonesia to host the thirteenth session of the Conference of the Parties and the third session of the Meeting of the Parties to the Kyoto Protocol, to be held in Bali from 3 to 14 December 2007, and looks forward to a successful outcome;

5. *Recognizes* that climate change poses serious risks and challenges to all countries, particularly to developing countries, especially least developed countries, landlocked developing countries, small island developing States, countries in Africa and disaster-prone developing countries, demands urgent global action to address climate change in accordance with the principles identified in the Convention, in particular the principle of common but differentiated responsibilities, and in this regard, urges all countries to fully implement their commitments under the Convention framework, to take effective and concrete actions and measures at all levels, and to enhance international cooperation in the framework of the Convention;

6. *Also recognizes* the need to ensure financial and technical resources, as well as capacity-building, access to and transfer of technologies, to assist those developing countries adversely affected by climate change;

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<sup>16</sup> A/62/276, annex I.

7. *Reaffirms* that efforts to address climate change in a manner that enhances and ensures the sustainable development and sustained economic growth of the developing countries and the universal elimination of poverty should promote the integration of all three components of sustainable development, namely, economic development, social development and environmental protection, as interdependent and mutually reinforcing pillars, in an integrated, coordinated and balanced manner;

8. *Calls upon* the donor community to fulfil the commitments made during the fourth replenishment of the Global Environment Facility and urges the developed countries to allocate additional financial resources to the Global Environment Facility at its fifth replenishment;

9. *Notes* the ongoing work of the liaison group of the secretariats and offices of the relevant subsidiary bodies of the Framework Convention, the United Nations Convention to Combat Desertification in Those Countries Experiencing Serious Drought and/or Desertification, Particularly in Africa,<sup>17</sup> and the Convention on Biological Diversity,<sup>18</sup> and encourages cooperation to promote complementarities among the three secretariats while respecting their independent legal status;

10. *Requests* the Secretary-General to make provisions for the sessions of the Conference of the Parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change and its subsidiary bodies in his proposal for the programme budget for the biennium 2008–2009;

11. *Endorses* the continuation of the institutional linkage between the secretariat of the Framework Convention and the United Nations until such time as a review is deemed necessary by the Conference of the Parties or the General Assembly;

12. *Invites* the conferences of the parties to the multilateral environmental conventions, when setting the dates of their meetings, to take into consideration the schedule of meetings of the General Assembly and the Commission on Sustainable Development so as to ensure the adequate representation of developing countries at those meetings;

13. *Invites* the Secretary-General to report to the General Assembly at its sixty-third session on the work of the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change and the Conference of the Parties;

14. *Decides* to include in the provisional agenda of its sixty-third session the sub-item entitled “Protection of global climate for present and future generations of mankind”.

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<sup>17</sup> United Nations, *Treaty Series*, vol. 1954, No. 33480.

<sup>18</sup> *Ibid.*, vol. 1760, No. 30619.